

# A Guide to Designing a Grocery List that Will Last You 2 Weeks

- 1. First, take some time to **empty your pantry.** Make it fun with some music.
- 2. Take **inventory** and look at the "expiry" or "best before" dates. A product passed the "expiry" date should not be consumed. For non-perishable foods passed the "best-before" date, use your senses, like sight and smell to judge if it is safe to eat. When in doubt, compost if possible or throw it out.
- 3. Based on what you have on hand, and on what is on sale in your local grocery stores and markets, **make a menu plan**, for at least a week.
  - Browse for recipes and seasonal Quebec produce; be creative. Include sources of protein, grains and fruits and vegetables at every meal. Refer to the new Canada's Food Guide at <a href="https://food-guide.canada.ca/">https://food-guide.canada.ca/</a> for recipes and tips to help you make health food choices and develop healthy eating habits.
  - Be strategic about the use of ingredients. Try to find recipes that include ingredients that can serve as a base for other meals.
- 4. Next, make **your grocery list.** Prioritize foods that last longer and include pantry essentials: Buy enough to last for several weeks.

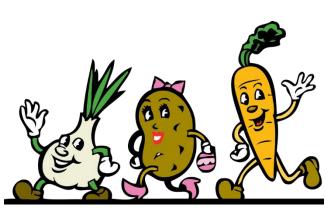
# Non-Perishable staples:

- A variety of grains: pasta, rice, barley, quinoa, couscous,...
- Legumes for your main recipes; beans, lentils, chickpeas; dried or canned. Consider other plant sources of protein: nuts, seeds, and their butters.
- Ground beef, chicken breasts, or fish fillets... If on sale, buy extra and freeze.

Canned tuna and salmon are other options for protein and are shelf-stable.

- Canned (tomatoes, tomato sauce, cream corn) and frozen fruits and vegetables. Ex: peas, broccoli, spinach, berries,...
- Cooking staples: ingredients for baking, flour, herbs, spices, oils.





## Perishable staples:

- Buy vegetables and fruits that have a longer shelf life such as root vegetables (potatoes, sweet potatoes, carrots, beets, turnips), cabbage, squash, apples and oranges. Store in a cool and dark place.
- Buy enough milk, eggs and butter/margarine to last 2 weeks: you can freeze your milk or buy UHT shelf-stable milk that you can store in the cupboard.

#### Some Substitutions:

- milk (evaporated milk, skim milk powder, soy/oat/cashew milk)
- whole eggs (liquid eggs, ground flax seeds + water)
- flour (blended rolled oats)

Browse the internet for more examples!

5. How to keep the foods you buy fresh for as long as possible?

## • In the freezer...

- Store extra loaves of bread, bagels, tortillas, pita bread, etc. Keep sliced bread frozen and take out as needed.
- Cook in batches and freeze leftovers. For example, chili, soups, spaghetti sauce. If you roast or grill chicken, cook extra and repurpose the leftovers into sandwiches, soups, salads, quesadillas, etc.

# • In the fridge...

- Salad greens: rinse, dry, store in a plastic container or wrapped in a tea or paper towel in the crisper drawer.
- Asparagus and fresh herbs: put stems in a glass of cold water in the fridge. Tent herbs with a plastic bag.



For more info on proper food storage methods visit <a href="https://www.canada.ca">https://www.canada.ca</a> or <a href="https://www.mapaq.gouv.qc.ca">https://www.mapaq.gouv.qc.ca</a>.

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